

THE CAUCASIAN.

CLINTON, N. C., AUG. 23, 1892

Entered according to Postal Laws at Clinton, N. C., as second class mail matter.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

How to Advertise.

We do not wish large advertisements, but a number of small ones for a year. It is not size but time that we prefer.

RATES.

ADVERTISING: 1 inch 1 week, 25 cents; 1 inch 1 month, \$1.00; 1 inch 3 months, \$2.50; 1 inch 6 months, \$4.50; 1 inch 1 year, \$7.50. For each additional insertion, 10 cents per line. For each additional insertion, 10 cents per line. For each additional insertion, 10 cents per line.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

One year, \$7.50; Six months, \$4.50; Three months, \$2.50; One month, \$1.00. For each additional insertion, 10 cents per line. For each additional insertion, 10 cents per line. For each additional insertion, 10 cents per line.

NOTICE.

Attention is directed to the fact that the paper is published every week, except on Sundays and public holidays.

THE CAUCASIAN, CLINTON, N. C.

Published by J. H. HARRISON, Editor and Proprietor.

Printed at the Clinton Press, Clinton, N. C.

Subscription prices in advance.

Single copies, 10 cents.

For terms of advertising, apply to the Editor.

Entered as second class mail matter, August 23, 1892.

Postage paid at Clinton, N. C.

Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917.

Postmaster: This publication is of the class of publications authorized by Act of October 3, 1917.

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There is now no hope for any reform through the Democratic party. There were some hopes when the reformers were in the party, and whatever of reform that has been accomplished through the name of the party was forced by the reformers in the party. The great bulk of the reformers are now in the People's party. The few reformers left in the Democratic party will be very lonely. They will be overshadowed and swallowed up by the machine. There is but one way for them to save themselves and do any thing for reform, and that is to come out of the Democratic party and join the People's. If you stay with the machine you will not only be helpless but you will soon be fossilized.

LET EVERY REFORMER CONTRIBUTE SOMETHING.

The people are on the verge of a tremendous political campaign against the money power. The Democratic and the Republican machines will have plenty of boodle for legitimate or illegitimate campaign purposes. The people can not get a cent of campaign funds from the railroads, nor the manufacturers, nor the banks, nor from any trust or combine. The monopolists and the whole money power are not only against the people in this fight, but will furnish money to help defeat the People's party. They know that the People's party will not "pay them back" with special favors and class legislation. We will be forced at least to run a poor man's campaign. But a certain amount of money is absolutely necessary to let every reformer contribute something to the campaign fund. Let every citizen chairman appeal to let every township chairman and him make an individual appeal to the people in his neighborhood. We must raise a campaign fund. Let every township chairman take up a subscription from the people around him.

NATIONAL DEMANDS OF THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION OF AMERICA, AS ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS IN 1889.

1. That we demand the abolition of National banks, and the substitution of legal tender Treasury notes in lieu of National Bank notes, issued in sufficient volume to do the business of the country on a cash system; regulating the amount needed on a per capita basis as the business interests of the country expand, and that all money issued by the government shall be legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.
2. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; preserving a stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure the prompt conviction, and imposing such penalties as shall secure the most perfect compliance with the law.
3. That we demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.
4. That we demand the passage of laws prohibiting the alien ownership of land, and that Congress take early steps to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by aliens and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations, in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.
5. Believe it in the doctrine of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," we demand that taxation, National or State, shall not be used to build up one industry or class at the expense of another. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all revenue, National, State or County, shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.
6. That Congress issue a sufficient fractional paper currency, ready to facilitate exchange through the medium of the United States mail.
7. We demand that the means of communication and transportation shall be owned by and operated in the interest of the people, as is the United States postal system.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLMES, Clinton, and J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C.

The subscription to THE CAUCASIAN has been reduced to \$1.00. This will be a very important campaign and every one should take an interest in it. We shall keep up with it. Now is the time to subscribe.

KING COTTON

Buy or sell your Cotton on JONES

5-Ton Cotton Scale.

NOT CHEAPEST BUT BEST.

For terms apply to

\$60 JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

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JARVIS AND CARR.

[Continued from First Page.]

JARVIS SPEAKS.

The bulk of Mr. Jarvis' speech was taken from the People's Party State Convention and Marion Butler. His description of the Convention showed a prejudiced mind and no little bitterness. At times he squatted and performed antics on the stand that would not have been expected from a clown at a show. His attack on Marion Butler was, to say the least, cowardly. There was no offer to divide time, there was no opportunity given to reply. We have seen little cross-road politicians take such unfair advantages, but it was certainly not to be expected from a gray-haired, venerable old man who had been Governor of the State. He attacked and piled abuse on the editor of this paper as one of the leaders of the People's party movement. He said he had no kind feelings for the leaders of the movement, but that for the poor, blind, deluded followers he had the greatest sympathy, and for them had the deepest interest. This piece of demagoguery caught no one in Sampson. In fact the people will resent it. There are no blind, deluded followers. For if there ever has been a movement in which the people, the great rank and file, took the lead it is this reform movement. In spite of the vindictive course of the machine politicians, partisan papers and the proscriptive gag rule, Cleveland-test policy of the Dem. State Ex. Com., nearly every one who had been prominent in the reform advanced against taking independent action. Yet the great mass of the people rose in their might and said that they would not be trifled with, that they would exercise their constitutional right of suffrage, free and untrammelled, and in a manner that principles of reform and the relief of the masses. The people of Sampson feel that Jarvis was abusing them, for they were ahead of the editor of this paper in taking the action which devotion to principle and self-preservation forced them to do.

Jarvis' tirade on THE CAUCASIAN was made to please a certain set around Clinton. He succeeded in pleasing that set, but he lost ten votes in the county to every one he gained by such a low and unfair course. While Jarvis was dealing out his abuse, Elias Carr sat upon the stand and smiled and nodded approval. Jarvis next eulogized Mr. Carr. In the next breath he eulogized Gov. Holt and said that he was a friend of the people, one of the best Governors the State has ever had. Elias Carr again nodded approval. Holt the high tariff man, Holt the cotton plaid trust man, Holt the high interest man, Holt the special friend of the railroads, Holt the man who is opposed to every reform dear to the people, this man eulogized by the men who are asking the votes of the people. If all this suits Mr. Carr what did he ever join the Alliance for? We advise Mr. Carr to resign and let Mr. Holt be put in his place, for Holt is the ideal candidate for what is left of the Democratic party. The very crowd who tried to nominate Holt row have full control of the machine. If Gov. Holt was opposed to and fought every reform measure up before the last Legislature, we call upon Mr. Carr to say whether or not he endorses Gov. Holt's course. If so, no reformer, no friend of the people can vote for him. Mr. Jarvis next eulogized Mr. Cleveland as the greatest, purest and best man living. He said he was the friend of the farmer and laboring man. Great Azans gosh! It required the cheek of the proverbial government mule to say this. But then Mr. Jarvis got over \$50,000 from the government treasury from an office given him by Cleveland, so of course he admires Cleveland \$50,000 worth. He hopes to get another office if Cleveland is elected, and this is more important to Jarvis than the welfare of the farming and laboring man. Mr. Jarvis is not bound to be on this campaign. He has volunteered to do it, for his only hope to get an office is for the machine to win. The next part of his

speech was the negro scare and the force bill racket. What he said was just like all the stuff you have seen and read on this line. Next he took up the government ownership of railroads. He presented no argument nor a single new idea. He simply made base assertions which don't go with the people. The people have been studying this question, and there are men in every township who know more about it than he does. If there was a valid argument in his speech we did not hear it. If he made a point, we challenge, some one to produce it and we will reply to it. If Mr. Jarvis makes the same speech everywhere, he will add to the ranks of the People's party every day. It is absurd for this fossil, who has not been studying reform, and is not in sympathy with it, to come out of his shell and attempt to tell people who have been reading and studying for years that they don't know what they want, but that they ought to follow him.

DR. KINGSBURY SUGGESTS

That the Democrats Join with the "Black and Tan Party" to Defeat Reform.

[From Wilmington Messenger, June 28.]

It may come to pass yet that the Democrats and Republicans may have to get together to save the country from the rule and ruin party of impracticable. It may yet become a necessity that the two old parties shall lock shields in opposition to financial cranks and revolutionists who seem bent on destroying the Republic. When the Government is threatened to be transformed into a regular huge pawn-broker's shop and into a Strong Government despotism it is high time for the patriots of the country to combine for its salvation.

From Cradley Heath.

Recently a deputation of women went from Cradley Heath, in England—a place where women are employed at heavy work in forging chains—to London to protest against the passage by parliament of an act which proposed to prohibit the use by women of a heavy forging implement known as the "olive." They objected to the passage of the bill on the ground that it would deprive them of employment.

At London they were questioned at length upon the manner of their employment by the home secretary, an official whose position in the government is much the same as that of the secretary of the interior in this country. Between Mr. Matthews, the secretary, and the chainwoman, the following dialogue took place:

Mr. Matthews—And what's the precise nature of the employment in which you are engaged?

Chainwoman (breaking in)—I don't want to have my work taken away from me!

Mr. Matthews (blandly)—Pardon me, but I don't quite see the point on which I desire information. If you will please explain to me the nature of operation in which—

Chainwoman (firm though flustered, and determined to get out what she had come all the way to London to say)—I never make one, sir!

Mr. Matthews—But my good woman, if you will suspend your observations long enough to communicate some idea—

Chainwoman—I like the 'heavy work, sir; and I says, let each one do what they can!

The interview proceeded in this unsatisfactory way until a questioner was found who could talk to the chainwomen in their own language.—Youth's Companion.

The Pennyweighter's Scheme.

Perhaps the cleverest of all shoplifters' tricks is that of the "pennyweighter." It is known to but few, and practiced by a still smaller number, for it is a difficult one. It has been most successfully worked by a pretty little blond, with a baby face, blue eyes, curly hair and the general appearance of a beautiful society belle. Her professional name is "Little Scott." She came to grief in Boston, Mass., and was sentenced to three years in prison.

Her mode of working was to go to a jewelry store and ask to be shown loose diamonds on a tray. She pretends to be a woman who can write a story and changes her two carat diamond in a very short time, and bends over and very close to the tray, examining the diamonds through an eyeglass. She exposes her left hand so as not to be suspected, and at a propitious moment drops a one carat diamond into the tray, and with her tongue, on the point of which she has pulverized alum, she flicks up a two carat diamond.

She then says she cannot find the exact mate of the stone she wants to match, which she has not with her, and goes into another store, where she exchanges her two carat diamond in a similar manner for a three carat stone, and so on. When she was caught she had started with one carat diamond and had reached six and a half carats, making several hundred dollars in a few hours. The size of the stone enabled her to discover its theft and to seal Scott's doom.—Jeweler's Weekly.

An Immense Shaving.

In the collection of curiosities at Woolwich arsenal, where the great English guns are made, was probably the largest steel shaving in the world. It was the result of an accident. A workman who had charge of a lathe on which a sixty pounder was being turned left his post for some time, and on his return he found that a shaving over seventy feet in length had been turned from the gun's jacket in his absence. It was subsequently tied into a huge Turk's head knot, painted red, white and blue and placed among the curiously collection.—New York Herald.

MAJ. GUTHRIE'S CARD.

[Continued from first page.]

farming interests in North Carolina languish, then lawyers and all others may begin to prepare to shut up shop and quit business, and hence it is very many of the objects sought to be accomplished by the people's party have my hearty sympathy, however, much the methods to gain the end may be open to friendly criticism. People ought to remember in criticizing your platform that when an old farmer goes to skin a skunk, he does not on his Sunday clothes with lavender colored and delicate tinted kid gloves of latest Parisian style and manufacture. His object is to skin the skunk, and the method of doing it is of only secondary consideration. The gangrene of political corruption has crept into the body politic and threatens poison to the whole system of government. I understand it is the object of the people's party to cut the cancer out. The question presented is, which is the better way to do it? Shall we use the pen-knife or the broad axe? The people's party say use the broad axe cuts too deep and makes an ugly wound. Who shall say the pen-knife is a better instrument than the broad axe?

Thanking you again for the honor of your nomination, realizing too that in this political campaign, as never before in North Carolina, men will count for little, but principles for everything, I feel constrained under all the circumstances to decline the nomination.

WM. A. GUTHRIE.

Durham, N. C., August 20.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLINTON

Military Institute,

CLINTON, N. C.

Fall Session begins MONDAY, September 5, 1892.

All teachers have had collegiate training, prepared especially for teaching.

Preparatory course a specialty.

A special course in Book-Keeping, Commercial Law, Commercial Arithmetic, Penmanship, Telegraphy, Stenography and Typewriting.

VOCAL MUSIC AND CALISTHENICS FREE

No additional cost for Classics, Bard, Washing, Lights, Taffier, etc.

\$75.00 per five months.

Tuition will cost \$10.00, \$11.15, \$12.75 and \$14.00.

Tuition for Day Pupils will be \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00 per month.

For further particulars address the Principal, W. R. SKINNER.

Jy28-tf Clinton, N. C.

WE WILL GIVE

A SHORT WIND, SERIES J,

\$4.00 Watch,

Like the above, to the person

who will get us a CLUB OF 12 NEW

CASH SUBSCRIBERS for one year

each. This is the same Watch

that Mr. G. T. Rawls, the Jeweler,

has for sale in Clinton.

Who will bring the first Club?

The Watch is ready for you.

THE CAUCASIAN,

9p7-tf Clinton, N. C.

Beaver Dam High School.

SAMPSON COUNTY, N. C.

Fall Term of this School will begin July 25th, 1892.

A GOOD SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

This School is situated in the northern part of Sampson county, two miles south of Newton Grove, and in one of the best communities in the State.

Good Board, including room, washing and lights, can be obtained in the best families at \$5.00 to \$7.00 per month.

Tuition \$1.00 to \$3.00 per month.

Instrumental Music \$2.50 per month.

For further particulars address,

JNO E POWELL, Clinton, N. C.

BE VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY

is vested under a decree of the Superior Court of Sampson county, in the case of Stewart & Hines against the heirs at law of J. R. Beaman, deceased, we will sell, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, 13th day of August, 1892, at the Court House door in Clinton, the property in said town, known as the Ashford & Beaman Mill and Grist property.

TERMS OF SALE—One-fourth cash, balance on credit of six and twelve months.

W. K. PIGFORD,

W. B. STEWART,

Com'rs.</

THE CAUCASIAN.

CLINTON, N. C., SEPT. 25, 1892.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.
J. S. Bizzell, Clerk Superior Court.
M. Spell, Sheriff and Treasurer.
O. F. Herring, Register of Deeds.

TOWN OFFICERS.
R. C. Holmes, Mayor.
A. V. Royal, Policeman.
Dr. R. H. Holliday, Treasurer.
M. Patrick, Clerk.
R. C. Holmes, R. H. Holliday, D. M. Patrick, J. C. Blount, R. J. Williams, Commissioners.

POST OFFICE.
Clifton Ward, P. M., opens 6:00 A. M., closes 9:00 P. M. Mails close at 8 A. M. and 2:50 P. M.

PRINTING OFFICE.
Caucasian Job Office, on Fayetteville Street, next Alliance Store. Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Posters and Programmes, Mortgages, &c.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.
Train leaves for Warsaw at 8:20 A. M.
Train from Warsaw arrives at 11:55 A. M.

Leaves for Warsaw in P. M. at 3:10. Arrives Clinton in P. M. at 7:00.

WHERE TO WORSHIP.
Baptist, O. P. Meeks pastor; services 1st and 3rd Sunday. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Sunday School Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

Episcopal, ——— pastor, Sunday School Sunday evening at 4:30.
Methodist, J. L. Ashby pastor; services 1st Sunday. Prayer meeting Thursday night. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Presbyterian, ——— pastor, Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

LOCATIONS.
Clinton No. 174, L. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday night at 8 P. M. W. G. Rackley, N. G., D. M. Patrick, Vice Grand, J. A. Beaman, Sec'y.

Sapone Encampment No. 18, I. O. O. F., meets 2nd and 4th Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. S. C. Johnson, C. P., D. M. Patrick, Sec'y.

Clinton No. 3509 K. of H., meets in Masonic Hall on the 1st and 3rd Thursday night. H. Hans cin, Dictator; J. A. Beaman, Reporter.

Hiram No. 98, A. F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall the 3rd Friday in each month. Everett Peterson, W. M., B. Matthews, Sec'y.

BUSINESS LOCALS.
"Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

Golden Ex. 6 Sugar at T. M. FERRELL'S.

A GOOD TRACT OF LAND FOR A LITTLE MONEY.
Any person desiring a bargain in a valuable tract of land will do well to see, or address—

E. M. PETERSON, Clinton, N. C.

Onion Sets at T. M. FERRELL'S.

FOR SALE!
Gin House, Gin and Press, One Moving Machine and Rake, Buggy and Harness, Side Saddle. Apply to J. S. BIZZELL or W. F. MURPHY.

Another lot of that celebrated "WILL HARRIS" Tobacco just received at T. M. FERRELL'S.

A FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT.
I have opened a stand, near the Old Alliance Store, where I intend to conduct a Restaurant in first-class style, and in a manner that will be acceptable to everybody. It is the only saloon in Clinton. Meals served at all hours during the day. Fresh Fish and Oysters always on hand. Come and be convinced. Give me your patronage.

Respectfully,
B. A. BEST, Clinton, N. C.

Can Potash at T. M. FERRELL'S.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Great reductions in Gingham Calicoes and Summer Goods of all descriptions now to make room for Fall Goods. Will leave for Northern Markets about September first.

W. S. PARTRICK, aug 18-1f.

"Star" Ball Potash at T. M. FERRELL'S.

VITAL QUESTIONS.
The vast majority of men die poor. Two only out of one hundred succeed in business.

Are you certain that you are going to be one of the two?
Life insurance offers opportunities of overcoming the disadvantages of an insufficient estate.

Protect your family with a reasonable amount of life insurance, where the terms of the financial world cannot touch them.

Do your duty and insure immediately. Every desirable form of policy, issued by the best companies, can be had by applying to—

E. M. PETERSON, Clinton, N. C.

Meat, Flour, Lard, Molasses, Starch, &c., at T. M. FERRELL'S.

FOR SALE
At B. F. Powell's P. P., B. B. B. and the Dr. J. H. McLean Medicines. Also a new lot of Dry Goods and Notions.

NEW YORK RACKET STORE.

We wish to return sincere thanks to our many friends and customers for their kind and liberal patronage during the past season, and we hope by fair square dealing for a continuation of the same. We are not only headquarters for the most fashionable Goods, but our prices are beyond the whisper of competition or comparison. We sell strictly for the cash—no time credit nor discount. We buy our goods from sources that no one else in this place can buy from and at prices that enable us to sell cheaper than any one else! We mean to save you 15 and 25 per cent on every dollar you spend with us, so if you wish to save your dollars you must look out for the pennies and buy your goods of the Racket Store. We have new goods coming in next week. Would be pleased for you to come and see them.

Respectfully, &c.,
MARY E. PETERSON & Co.

NOTICE!
TO CREDITORS OF CLINTON LOAN ASSOCIATION.

It is important that all persons who hold claims against this Association, and who have not presented them to me should do so at once, or they may be deprived of some valuable right.

W. A. DUNN, Receiver.

For Insurance in the best companies—Life, Fire and Accidental—apply to E. M. PETERSON, Clinton, N. C.

A neat line of Shoes just received at T. M. FERRELL'S.

If you are too poor to insure your life, you are too poor to die and leave your family penniless.—Talmage.

During my absence the slaughter sale will continue and my assistants will be glad to have my customers and friends call and buy what they need in my line.

M. HANSTEIN, King Clothier and Hatter.

I have the largest stock of goods I ever had. Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Cigars, Tobacco, Glass, Tin, Crockery and Woodenware.

Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL, T. M. FERRELL'S.

A large lot of Glassware, just received, for sale cheap, at WM. H. DUNCAN'S, Aug. 25-1f.

Meal at T. M. FERRELL'S.

Different grades of Tobaccos, from 20 cents per pound and up, at WM. H. DUNCAN'S, aug. 25-1f.

LOCAL ITEMS:
—Bring your job work to THE CAUCASIAN office.

—Mr. T. L. Hubbard has added two rooms to his dwelling on Elm street.

—The subscription to THE CAUCASIAN less than two cents a copy. Every one can afford to subscribe.

—Several news articles arrived too late for publication this week, but will appear next week.

—Posters, Letter and Note Heads and envelopes printed at THE CAUCASIAN office.

—Mr. Theo. Clute, a progressive young farmer of North Clinton, brought a new bale of cotton to town Tuesday.

—Maj. W. A. Johnson has improved the appearance of his residence by adding a broad comfortable veranda.

—We are requested to announce that Rev. H. H. Marshburn, of Macon county, will preach at New Hope church, in Turkey township, next Sunday.

—Rev. Mr. Wooten, of Wilmington, will preach (D. V.) in the Episcopal church next Sunday, morning and night. He will also administer the Holy Communion.

—The infant child of Mr. J. S. Bizzell died Monday night and was buried Tuesday evening. It was only twenty months old and its short life has been one of suffering.

—Those wishing to pay their subscriptions may do so in corn and meat at the market prices. We make this offer to help those who wish to pay for their paper, and to give them no excuse for not paying.

—A white tramp named Shepherd stole a horse from Mr. P. A. Armstrong, in Turkey, on Monday night. The thief was caught at Garland Tuesday and is now in jail in Clinton.

—Mr. Abner Robinson's son, who has been quite sick, and was thought to have hydrophobia, is better. The boy was bitten by a mad dog about eighteen months since, hence the false rumor.

—Why should every man in Sampson county take THE CAUCASIAN? Because it is the only paper in the State that publishes the news in every section by townships; the only paper that publishes your news; the only paper that publishes what you are most interested in. Why should every man in this section of the State take it? Because it not only publishes the news, but keeps you posted on the great reform fight between the classes and the masses. THE CAUCASIAN will make the campaign lively.

—The subscription to THE CAUCASIAN has been reduced to \$1.00 per year.

Rev. Mr. Gible, of Wilmington, preached at St. Pauls, in Clinton, last Sunday, morning and evening.

He made a good impression on our people. He will remain in town until Friday and will preach again to-night.

The fight in Sampson county this year is between the People's party and the Third party (the 2 year older). The Wilmington Messenger has been the organ of this Third party for two years, and now that fourth rate sheet, the Sampson Democrat, has come in as first assistant to the Messenger.

The fall term of Prof. Skinner's school will open next Monday Sept. 5th. Prof. W. S. Durham, his assistant, will arrive to-morrow. The tuition will run from \$1.00 to \$3.00 per month. Prof. Skinner has excellent references. He has been principal of the New Berns Graded School and several other first-class schools.

The Democratic Convention of this Senatorial District met at Roseboro yesterday (Wednesday) and nominated for the Senate F. R. Cooper, of Sampson, and Dr. W. H. D. Lucas, of Bladen. Speeches were made by Hon. B. F. Grady, F. R. Cooper, Esq., and Dr. Lucas. The crowd was reported as not being very large.

We understand that the "straightouts" have had a census taken of each township of the voters. They have the voters classified, "Straightouts," People's Party, "Doubtful." We understand that their plan is to stand around the street corners and catch every fellow who is "doubtful." Will they catch you? When people have been thinking and reading for themselves as they have about the issues before us, it is presumptuous in a town fellow, who has read but one side, to try to give us wisdom in a pair of minutes. The game won't work. The people will no longer be led. They are leaders themselves.

Mr. J. M. Spell has made an excellent Sheriff. He is a good man, and we have the kindest feelings for him personally, but his head has gotten badly mixed about the difference between the people and a party. He says that he is for reform and is with the people in sympathy, but that the Democratic party put him in office and that he feels like he ought to stay with the party. The Sheriff should have remembered that the people put him in office, and that it was the same people who are in the reform movement to-day. The dominant element of what is left in the old party machine did not put him in office, but has always been against him. They now simply take him up because they know they are weak, and they hope he will gain some strength from the reform side for them. Sheriff Spell has clung to the name of the party and turned his back on his friends. He has deserted the reform movement. If he swallows Cleveland and the Chicago platform he thereby gives up every principle dear to reformers, every principle that holds out the least ray of hope for relief to the toiling masses of the South and the West. We are sorry to see good men still hugging the tattered remnants of the old party machine in this great struggle for human liberty, this tremendous fight by the masses against poverty and oppression. But to all such we must sadly say Good-bye. This fight is not over men, it is for principle and justice. So if our own brother were a candidate for one of the old parties, we could not support him. We would regret that he was made the mistake, that he was wrong, but if we were to vote for him we would be saying by our actions that he was right and that we endorsed his mistake. The reformers are terribly in earnest, and are in this fight for principle, therefore as popular as Sheriff Spell is he will not get any more votes than the ticket he stands with. F. R. Cooper and John A. Beaman. The people will pass sentence on them all alike.

Please come in and pay what you owe THE CAUCASIAN. We need it. What each individual subscriber owes is small in itself, but the aggregate is very large to us. THE CAUCASIAN is very largely this campaign. You should keep up with it.

ALLIANCE SPEAKING
At Mt. Olive on Friday, September 2nd.

Mr. Marion Butler, President of the N. C. Farmers' State Alliance, has accepted an invitation from the neighboring Alliances to speak at Mt. Olive on Friday, September 2nd. He will discuss the principles and demands of the Alliance.

The True Laxative Principle Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well-informed, you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

Do you take THE CAUCASIAN? If not don't miss another issue. Send us 25 cents and get it for three months, till after the campaign.

—The subscription to THE CAUCASIAN has been reduced to \$1.00 per year.

COUNTY CONVENTION

of the Democratic Party Nominates a Ticket.

The County Convention of the "Straightouts" or what is left of the Democratic party of Sampson, met in Clinton Friday. They met in the morning and invited Ex. Gov. Jarvis and Mr. Elias Carr to address them. After the speaking was over, the convention immediately proceeded to work. Mr. W. E. Stevens was presiding as chairman. Mr. D. B. Nicholson nominated F. R. Cooper to be recommended by the county for the Senate to the Senatorial Convention. Mr. John Kerr seconded the nomination of Mr. Cooper. The convention recommended Mr. Cooper unanimously. Mr. Henry Hines nominated Mr. A. F. Howard for the House. Mr. Howard was nominated by acclamation. Mr. I. Royal placed Mr. C. E. Daniels in nomination for the second place on the legislative ticket. He was nominated by acclamation. Mr. J. M. Spell was nominated for Sheriff by acclamation. For Register of Deeds Mr. J. A. Ferrell nominated Mr. J. A. Ferrell. Mr. W. H. D. Lucas, of Bladen. Speeches were made by Hon. B. F. Grady, F. R. Cooper, Esq., and Dr. Lucas. The crowd was reported as not being very large.

The convention endorsed the Chicago platform, and promised not to interfere with the railroad commission.

The majority of the men in this convention were following Mr. E. W. Kerr and John A. Beaman two years ago, and fighting the commission. We are glad they are converted. The convention tried hard to conceal the fact that it was dominated and run by the same men who bolted and started the Third party two years ago. The machine worked well till they got to Register of Deeds. They could not hide their true colors any longer, they threw off the mask and nominated John A. Beaman, who ran as the third independent bolter two years ago. Yet they style themselves the straight Democracy. Several of the nominees are good ones, but we regret to see those men desert the people. They are with the wrong crowd, and the people will have to turn their backs upon them. We understand that Mr. John A. Beaman has said that he regretted that he did not have out a full ticket two years ago, and that in the next campaign they would put out a full ticket. Well, Mr. Beaman has his full ticket now. But it will not strengthen him. He and his whole ticket will be beaten this time as bad as he was before.

PERSONALS.
Mrs. Mary Rackley, of Cumberland, is visiting her son, Mr. W. G. Rackley, Messrs. J. L. Blount and J. E. Higginbotham this week for the A. & M. College.

Miss Daisy Marable has taken a school in Moore county.

Miss Mabel Culbreth has returned to Greensboro Female College.

Mr. Bobbie Williams returned Tuesday to the A. & M. College to continue his studies in the institution.

Mr. W. G. Rackley leaves this morning for New York to purchase his Fall stock of goods.

Mr. George E. Butler left Tuesday for Chapel Hill, where he will enter the Law School.

Miss Mary Lou Brown returned last Friday from Pittsboro, where she has been spending the summer. She has accepted a position in the new school here of which Prof. Foust is Principal. She is an excellent teacher and we congratulate the school upon securing her services.

Miss Cleone Hobbs, who has been studying Art in Bladen, has returned.

Mrs. Rufus Herring and Mrs. James Corbett are visiting Mr. L. J. Merriam in New York.

Mrs. Pitt Baldwin, of Macon, Georgia, and Mrs. W. D. Smith & Sons, of Cumberland county, are visiting at Mr. A. F. Johnson's.

Mr. Elliott Lee is visiting in Goldsboro this week.

Mr. Frank Holmes and Mr. William Hubbard leave for the State University this week.

Mrs. P. V. Bamgardner left Elliott on Tuesday morning for Virginia. She will spend the Fall and Winter chiefly at Staunton, Virginia. Mrs. Bamgardner is a charming lady, with rare accomplishments. Every one who has the pleasure of hearing her magnificent voice from the choral choir will be glad to know that she will return in the spring.

Lieut. Ship, Inspector of the State Guard, was on our street yesterday.

Mr. E. M. Peterson has accepted a position in THE CAUCASIAN office.

The Good Work Goes On.

We wish to thank our friends who have rallied to the support of the paper. Every mail brings new names. At the speaking last Friday we got more new subscribers than we have ever before placed upon our books in one day. Eight stopped. This was pretty good for a straight-out Convention and speaking. We wish to specially thank Messrs. Evanda Howard, C. H. Williams, W. J. Faircloth, J. P. Parker and a dozen others who have gotten us up large clubs. Let every subscriber get us at least one new subscriber, and a club if possible. THE CAUCASIAN will be a power for truth in the future.

Lost manhood, lost energy, weakness, general debility are all cured by P. P. New life, new energy are infused in the system by the blood purifying and cleansing properties of P. P. P., the greatest blood purifier of the age.

ALL THROUGH SAMPOSON.

(Continued from Fourth Page)

MINING.
Mr. Ellick: I suppose you would like know what we are doing in Beaman's Roads section. The people are nearly through their fiddle and are feeling good over the reform movement. My wife is the "weaver" and I take the "field" and we are a unit on everything we do or say. Hurrah for Weaver!

There is one more little thing I want to tell you about. I went to the post-office the other day, and to behold there was a copy of the Sampson Democrat and I took it home and read it, and such a bundle of blather and falsehood I never read since my dog Hector was a puppy. It is positively not decent. I read both sides, but the editor of the Democrat will do me a favor if he will not send another copy of his paper until it is fit to go into a gentleman's home.

HONEYCUTT'S.
Miss Hattie Cooper is teaching school in district thirty-eight. She is a good teacher and is giving satisfaction to the community.

Politics and seed-lots is raging to a great extent in this community. Every body in this section is burning for Weaver and Field.

Mr. Editor: I have been noticing in your paper that everybody is rejoicing at the People's party nominees for President and Vice-President. I want to tell the people now we are rejoicing in the Northwest part of the township. The women are so well pleased at Mr. Weaver till they have made more home-made cloth since he was nominated than they did in three years before and the men are so well pleased with Mr. Field that they can't stay out of the "field." Some of them have pulled their fiddle too green by rejoicing to be in the field so much.

We think THE CAUCASIAN will get a dozen cash subscribers from this section next week. R. C. F.

SECOND ANNUAL CONVENTION
Of the Sampson County Sunday School Association to be held in the Methodist Church in Clinton, Friday and Saturday, September 9th and 10th, 1892.

Exercises to begin promptly at ten o'clock A. M. each day. Below is the program:

Friday, Sept. 9.—Morning Session.
1. Song by the Choir.
2. Prayer by Rev. O. P. Meeks.
3. Object of the convention explained by T. L. Fugh, President.

4. Topics—Should all Christians be interested in Sunday Schools, by D. B. Nicholson and J. D. Ezell.
5. Benediction by Rev. H. J. Duncan.

VENUE SESSION.
1. Song.
2. Prayer by Rev. J. M. Ashby.
3. The Duties of the officers of the Association.
4. Song.
5. Topic—Sunday-school Management by R. E. White, Durham, N. C.
6. Closing Prayer by Rev. Mr. Meeks.
7. Benediction.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 10.—Morning Session.
1. Opening Song.
2. Prayer by Rev. J. M. Ashby.
3. Opening of Question Box.
4. Topic—Teachers and Teaching, opened by Revs. J. M. Ashby and A. J. Parker.
5. Song.
6. Benediction.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
1. Song.
2. Prayer by Rev. A. J. Parker.
3. Election of Officers.
4. The Work of the Convention.
5. Collection.
6. Song.
7. Closing Prayer by Rev. ———.
8. Benediction.

All persons interested in Sunday-school work, are cordially invited to take part in the Assoc. Work. Come, and let us have a good time in a noble cause.

Sampson County Sunday-School Convention.
The Sampson County Sunday-School Convention will be held in Clinton at the Methodist church on Friday and Saturday, September 9th and 10th, 1892. This convention is a union of Sunday-School workers of all denominations; hence all who favor Sunday-Schools are expected to be interested.

The Presidents of townships are urgently requested to make all diligence to have their townships organized and have delegates elected to County Convention at the latest by the last week in August. The following residents are as follows:

Finney Grove—Rev. T. H. Sutton.
Newton Grove—Isaac Williams.
Mingo—O. D. Strickland.
Westbrook—Ransom West.
Diamond—M. M. Williams.
Hill Coharie—J. D. O. Culbreth.
McDaniel's—Judson Hobbs.
Landon—D. L. Herring.
Taylor's Bridge—Jas. M. Powell.
Franklin—Frank Lewis.
Turkey—C. E. Daniel.
Honeycutt's—Love Jackson.
North Clinton—W. B. Stewart.
South Clinton—J. R. Williams.

Brothers, please take this matter in hand at once and organize your township. Refer to circular sent you for instruction. Anything you may not understand let us know and we will help you. Very truly,
T. L. FUGH, County President.

PEOPLE'S PARTY IN BEAUFORT.
The People's party convention for Beaufort county has nominated a full county ticket, composed of Dr. B. Stille for the House; Samuel W. Wilkinson for sheriff; Henry A. Windley for register of deeds; and M. H. Waters for treasurer. This ticket is generally regarded as a very strong one, and it will take hard work to beat it. The convention was a large and harmonious one. All the nominees were Democrats except for sheriff. About one-tenth of the delegates were Republicans. Third partyism is strong in Beaufort county.

The CAUCASIAN should be in the hand of every voter. See that your neighbor takes it. \$1.00 a year, 3 months for 25 cents.

FOR THE CAUCASIAN DUTY OF REFORMERS.

To all brotherhood the demanded rights.

The power of thy strength be shield, With the embodiment of truth, The contest will prove.

Woea entering the campaign field. Come to the front and test the work, Off a financial reform of the d—, That a world of trouble be known to thy b o e.

What's working for, the better way. Oh! rights for the people we say, And cling to the principle we love, For we are going ahead, With truths unsold, As given of the stars from above.

'Tis a time of reckoning, don't be left, The name Dem.-Rep. is gone, Either cannot a rep, As a united band, But their political affairs forlorn.

Outright we claim a people of size, When called for the duty of the day, With the net of sedition, For the future generation, Our duty to posterity obey.

South Clinton. M. T. M.

EVEN THE CHICKENS REJOICE.
(Special Correspondent)

It is marvelous how that even the chickens will rejoice in the glorious efforts of the people. A farmer had an old hen that, owing to the corruption of the government, had not laid for several years. But recently the farmer gathered some new or Weaver corn and fed to her, and at once she spread her wings and sang praises to the farmer and the People's party. A few days later, she began to lay again. "Weaver" (hen), made her nest and laid her a solid Johnson-Fowler egg, then flew off carrying a new, Caucasian! Can you, "chicken," the old rooster, upon hearing hearing her quickly replied, Butler! Butler! but, Butler! Butler!

PEOPLE'S PARTY.
Launched out upon the stage of time, Amidst pestilence, peril and crime, The welcome cry of a new-born child, Rang throughout the Union fierce and true.

Patriots thus aroused by the alarms, Came forth and grasped the child in their arms, Tenderly nourished and properly trained, He grew, he crawled, he stood, he was weaned.

His power now his enemies defied, And all united, his strength they tried, But still his head high he doth hold, And in every action his deeds are bold.

He loves his country, people and friends, To all a well-meant message he sends, To come and join the glorious band, And help guide the interest of this land.

No more let the powers of money reign, And life bought liberty from us again.

LARKIN.

DUPLIN COUNTY.
(Special Correspondent.)

Miss Annie Glisson, our efficient postmaster, has also returned from a short visit to Jones county.

Mr. J. R. Barlow has moved his stock of goods to Rose Hill, where he is merchandizing.

Mr. J. C. Horne has gone to Warsaw to open a store.

According to appointment Ex-Gov. Jarvis made a speech in our town on the 24th instant. The audience was mostly from the town. One man appeared to be the leader of the yelling brigade for he would spring on to a box, kept near for the purpose, and call for three cheers for any and everything, and it would be given with a will, but oh! my country it will be so weak by the 8th of November. One proposition which the leader made very often was always greeted with applause, viz: Let us buy a quart of whisky and pay for it with a Cleveland dollar and all take a drink. It seemed to have been an unanswerable argument and the effect was a shame to a christian community for there was more drunkenness than I have seen for several years.

Rev. O. P. Meeks, the pastor of the Baptist church, preached an able sermon Sunday afternoon, from the text, "Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's," and he called attention to the spirit of lawlessness that seems to be spreading over the land, and condemned the dry methods which are being used in some places for political effect in plain terms. It would be well for these who heard him, to heed the good advice given.

It will soon be time to take up the tub crop and then our town will be all alive as it gives employment to a large number of hands at fair wages.

Mr. Guyer, the assistant teacher of the Magnolia school has arrived and is busy making arrangements for the opening of the school.

Success to THE CAUCASIAN and the cause for which it is laboring.

The People Say "Butler is Alright."
(Special to the Caucasian.)

Chairman Butler says "Harry Skinner is all right." Who will say Chairman Butler is all right—Sampson Democrat. There are hundreds of the very best men in Sampson county and thousands all over the State who will say "Chairman Butler is all right, and will stick to the

25 CENTS!

The Campaign will be unusually interesting this year. Every one must and will read about it. THE CAUCASIAN will tell you all about it from now till the election for 25 CENTS. Can we take down your name for a Campaign Subscriber?

P.P.P. CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES

Physicians endorse P.P.P. as a splendid combination, and prescribe it with great satisfaction for the cures of all forms and stages of Primacy, Secondary and Tertiary

P.P.P. CURES SCROFULA

Syphilis, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Scrofulous Ulcers and Sores, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism, Malaria, Chronic Ulcers that have resisted all treatment. Certainly

P.P.P. CURES BLOOD POISON

Skin Diseases, Eczema, Chronic Female Complaints, Mercurial Poison, Tetters, Scald Head, Etc., Etc. P.P.P. is a powerful tonic, and an ex-

P.P.P. CURES RHEUMATISM

cellent appetizer, building up the system rapidly. Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition due

P.P.P. CURES MALARIA

to malarial irregularities are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood-cleansing properties of P.P.P., Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

P.P.P. CURES DYSPEPSIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Druggists, Proprietors, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

A Household Remedy BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

B.B.B. Botanic Blood Balm

It Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, salt rheum, eczema, every form of malignant skin eruption, besides being efficacious in restoring the system and restoring the constitution when impaired from any cause. Its almost supernatural healing properties justify its use in guaranteeing a cure. Its directions are followed.

SENT FREE "Book of Wonders" BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

New and Enlarged Facilities AT W. T. WILLIAMSON'S BUGGY AND CARRIAGE FACTORY.

My Factory is now run at full capacity. My heavy work is now done by steam power. I am turning out a large number of new style Buggies and Phaetons. We make to order, but always keep a few styles on hand for examination.

I will keep on hand a large lot of Western Buggies (open and top) and Road Carts. They will equal in quality and are sold as low as any like goods in Goldsboro, Fayetteville or Wilmington.

Round Shaves, Hacks and all Edge Tools made, and Repairing done on short notice.

HARNESS, WHIPS, COLLARS AND ALL HARNESS HARDWARE.

I will hereafter keep in stock. My Harness Department is under The CAUCASIAN Office, on Fayetteville Street, near my Factory.

Be sure to see my styles and get my prices before buying.

Respectfully, J. W. T. WILLIAMSON

Notice.

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED Gregory, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me, duly authenticated, within one year from this date, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. And all persons indebted to said estate will please come forward and settle the same.

WALTER O. THOMSON, Exor. July 23, 1892.—jy28-4t—pd.

Notice.

As executor of the last will and testament of Gregory, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me, duly authenticated, within one year from this date, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. And all persons indebted to said estate will please come forward and settle the same.

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WALTER O. THOMSON, Exor. July 23, 1892.—jy28-4t—pd.

THE CAUCASIAN.

LINTON, N. C., SEPT. 25, 1892.

THE PLATFORM

And Preamble Adopted at Omaha July 4, 1892.

PREAMBLE

Assembled upon the 116th anniversary of the declaration of independence, the People's party of America, in their first national convention, invoking upon their action the blessing of Almighty God, puts forth in the name and on behalf of the people of this country the following preamble and declaration of principles:

The conditions which surround us best justify our co-operation; we meet in the midst of a nation brought to the verge of moral, political and material ruin. Corruption dominates the ballot-box, the legislature, the Congress, and touches even the ermine of the bench. The people are demoralized, most of the States have been compelled to isolate the voters at the polling places to prevent universal intimidation or bribery. The newspapers are largely subsidized or muzzled; public opinion silenced; business prostrated; our homes covered with mortgages; labor impoverished and the land concentrated in the hands of the capitalists. The urban workmen are denied the right of organization for self-protection; imported pauperized labor beats down their wages; a hired standing army, recognized by our laws, is established to shoot them down; and they are rapidly degenerating into European conditions. The fruits of the toil of millions are boldly stolen to build up colossal fortunes for a few, unprecedented in the history of mankind; and the possessors of these, in turn, despise the republic and endanger liberty. From the same prolific womb of governmental injustice we breed the two great classes—tramps and millionaires. The national power is appropriated to enrich bondholders. A vast public debt payable in legal tender currency, has been funded into gold bearing bonds, thereby adding millions to the burdens of the people.

Silver, which has been accepted as coin since the dawn of history, has been demonetized to add to the purchasing power of gold by decreasing the value of all forms of property as well as human labor, and the supply of currency is purposely abridged to fatten usurers, bankrupt enterprise, and enslave industry. A vast conspiracy against mankind has been organized on two continents, and it is rapidly taking possession of the world. If not met and overthrown at once it forebodes terrible social convulsions, the destruction of civilization, or the establishment of an absolute despotism.

We have witnessed for more than a quarter of a century the struggles of the two great political parties for power and plunder, while grievous wrongs have been inflicted upon a suffering people. We charge that the controlling influences dominating both these parties have permitted the existing dreadful conditions to develop without serious efforts to prevent or restrain them. Neither do they now promise us any substantial reform. They have agreed together to ignore, in the coming campaign every issue but one. They propose to drown the outcries of a plundered people with the uproar of a sham battle over the tariff, so that the capitalists, corporations, national banks, rings, trusts, watered stock, the demoralization of silver and the oppressions of the usurers may all be lost sight of. They propose to sacrifice our homes, lives and children on the altar of mammon; to destroy the multitude in order to secure corruption funds from the millionaires.

Assembled on the anniversary of the birthday of the nation and filled with the spirit of the grand generation who established our independence, we seek our independence, we seek to restore the government of the republic to the hands of "the plain people" with which class it originated.

We assert our purposes to be identical with the purposes of the national constitution, "To form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty for ourselves and our posterity."

We declare that this republic can only endure as a free government while built upon the love of the whole people for each other and for the nation that it cannot be pinned to together by bayonets; that the civil war is over, and that every gross out of it must die with it, and that we must be in fact, as we are in name, one united brotherhood of free men.

Our country finds itself confronted by conditions for which there is no precedent in the history of the world; our annual agricultural productions amount

to billions of dollars in value, which must within a few weeks or months be exchanged for billions of dollars of commodities consumed in their production; the existing currency supply is wholly inadequate to make this exchange; the results are falling prices, the formation of combines and rings and the impoverishment of the producing class. We pledge ourselves that, if given power, we will labor to correct these evils by wise and reasonable legislation in accordance with the term of our platform. We believe that the power of government—in other words, of the people—should be expanded (as in the case of the postal service) as rapidly and as far as the good sense of an intelligent people and the teachings of experience shall justify.

To the end that oppression, injustice and poverty shall eventually cease in the land.

While our sympathies are a party of reform are naturally upon the side of every proposition that will tend to make one intelligent, virtuous and temperate, we nevertheless regard these questions important as they are as secondary to the great issues now pressing for solution, and upon which not only our individual prosperity, but the very existence of free institutions depend; and we ask all men to first help us to determine whether we are to have a republic to administer, before we differ as to the conditions upon which it is to be administered; believing that the forces of reform this day organized will ever cease to move forward until every wrong is remedied, equal rights and equal privileges securely established for all men and women of the country.

We declare therefore, First—That the union of the labor forces of the United States this day consummated shall be permanent and perpetual, may its spirit enter into all hearts for the salvation of the republic and the uplifting of mankind.

Second—Wealth belongs to him who creates it, and every dollar taken from industry without an equivalent is robbery. "If any man will not work, neither shall he eat." The interests of rural and civic labor are the same; their enemies are identical.

Third—We believe that the time has come when the railroad corporations will either own the people or the people must own the railroads, and should the government enter upon the work of owning and managing any or all railroads, we should favor an amendment to the constitution by which all persons engaged in the government service shall be placed under a civil service regulation of the most rigid character, so as to prevent the increase of the power of the national administration by the use of such additional government employees.

First—We demand a national currency, safe, sound and flexible, issued by the general government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that without the use of banking corporations a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people at a tax not to exceed 2 per cent, be provided, as set forth in the sub-treasury plan of the Farmers' Alliance, or some better system; also, be payments in discharge of its obligations for public improvements.

a. We demand free and unlimited coinage of silver.

b. We demand that the amount of circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than \$50 per capita.

c. We demand a gradual income tax.

d. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand all National and State revenue shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the Government economically and honestly administered.

e. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the Government for the safe deposit of the earnings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

Second—The land, including all the natural resources of the people and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All land now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs, and all lands now owned by aliens, should be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only.

Third—Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the Government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people.

a. The telegraph and telephone, like the post office system, being a necessity for transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the Government in the interest of the people.

After submitting the foregoing to the committee on resolutions held an open meeting and unanimously agreed to report the following to the convention at the night session and it was adopted:

Whereas, other questions have been presented for our consideration, we hereby submit the following, as a part of the platform of the People's Party, but as resolutions expressive of the sentiment of this convention.

First—Resolved, That we demand a free ballot and a free count in all elections, and pledge ourselves to secure it to every legal voter without federal intervention through the adoption by the States of the unperverted Australian or secret ballot system.

Second—Resolved, That the revenue derived from a graduated income tax should be applied to the reduction of the burden of taxation now resting upon the domestic industries of this country.

Third—Resolved, That we pledge our support to fair and liberal pensions to ex-union soldiers and sailors.

Fourth—Resolved, That we condemn the fallacy of protecting American labor under the present system, which opens our ports to the pauper and criminal classes of the world, and crowds out our wage earners; and we denounce the present ineffective laws against contract labor, and demand the further restriction of undesirable emigration.

Fifth—Resolved, That we cordially sympathize with the efforts of organized workmen to shorten the hours of labor, and demand a rigid enforcement of the existing eight-hour law on government work, and ask that a penalty clause be added to the said law.

Sixth—Resolved, That we regard the maintenance of a large standing army of mercenaries, known as the Pinkerton system, as a menace to our liberties, and we demand its abolition; and we condemn the recent invasion of the territory of Wyoming by the hired assassins of plutocracy, assisted by federal officials.

Resolved, That we commend to the favorable consideration of the people, and the reform press the legislative system known as the initiative and referendum.

Resolved, That we favor a constitutional provision limiting the office of president and vice-president to one term, and providing for the election of senators of the United States by a direct vote of the people.

Resolved, That we oppose any subsidy or national aid to any private corporation for any purpose.

The People's party at the out set to secure permanent control of the party organization of the people manifested by the interests of those in public service does hereby in national convention assembled at Omaha on this 4th day of July, 1892, establish this ordinance as fundamental law of party organization, viz: No person holding any office or position of profit, trust or emolument under the federal or any State or municipal government, including senators, congressmen and members of the legislature, state and local, shall be eligible to sit or vote in any convention of this party, and a copy of this ordinance shall be annexed to every call for any future convention of the party."

ation, we hereby submit the following, as a part of the platform of the People's Party, but as resolutions expressive of the sentiment of this convention.

First—Resolved, That we demand a free ballot and a free count in all elections, and pledge ourselves to secure it to every legal voter without federal intervention through the adoption by the States of the unperverted Australian or secret ballot system.

Second—Resolved, That the revenue derived from a graduated income tax should be applied to the reduction of the burden of taxation now resting upon the domestic industries of this country.

Third—Resolved, That we pledge our support to fair and liberal pensions to ex-union soldiers and sailors.

Fourth—Resolved, That we condemn the fallacy of protecting American labor under the present system, which opens our ports to the pauper and criminal classes of the world, and crowds out our wage earners; and we denounce the present ineffective laws against contract labor, and demand the further restriction of undesirable emigration.

Fifth—Resolved, That we cordially sympathize with the efforts of organized workmen to shorten the hours of labor, and demand a rigid enforcement of the existing eight-hour law on government work, and ask that a penalty clause be added to the said law.

Sixth—Resolved, That we regard the maintenance of a large standing army of mercenaries, known as the Pinkerton system, as a menace to our liberties, and we demand its abolition; and we condemn the recent invasion of the territory of Wyoming by the hired assassins of plutocracy, assisted by federal officials.

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The North Carolina Railroad Commission finds that since the last assessment for taxation the following roads have been completed:

Murfreesboro branch, six miles, from Pendleton to Murfreesboro.

Washington branch, Atlantic Coast Line, twenty-eight miles, from the Albemarle & Raleigh Road to Washington.

Wilson & Florence branch, Atlantic Coast Line, eighty miles, from Fayetteville southward to the State line.

Richmond & Danville, from Winston to Mocksville, twenty-five miles.

Two lumber roads, carrying passengers, have been built, one in Bertie and one in Moore county.

The Commission has increased by \$7,000,000 the assessed value of the railways in the State, but of this amount \$1,627,000 is now in litigation.

What is the difference between editorial and matrimonial experience? In the former the devil cries for copy; in the latter the copy cries like the devil.—Advertiser's Gazette.

A young man advertises his desire for a wife, "Pretty and entirely ignorant of the fact."—Tid Bits.

Cataract Can't Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATION, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. CATARACT is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you have to take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucus surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is no quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucus surface. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing cataract. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Proprietors, Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

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All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items from his neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it.

PINEY GROVE.

The straightouts in this township nominated a life-long Republican for constable.

NORTH CLINTON.

Mr. F. R. Cooper, chairman of the Executive Committee of this township, told a member of the Executive Committee a few weeks since that the Democrats did not want any one in the party who would not vote for Mr. Cleveland and the whole ticket straight.

He said the Democrats in this county would allow such a man to be nominated on the county ticket, and further, that no one who voted for John A. Beaman two years ago could be put on the ticket. He said that that movement was irregular and undemocratic. No, Mr. Editor, we see that John A. Beaman, the independent bolter, was nominated by the Straightouts and on the same ticket with Mr. Cooper. How men do change!

FRANKLIN.

There was a Weaver and Ex-union Club organized at Newark's Bridge this morning, August 27, at nine o'clock. We didn't organize 76 strong, but only 48. We propose to start up and go down. We will give you a full report next week.

CROSS ROADS.

LISBON.

We have read some things in your paper from the different townships seemed very strange. But I think I can give you something equally as strange from Lisbon, in our river. Between sunset and dark every night, from the 20th of August to the 10th of September, there is a fly, something like a candle fly, about half an inch long, as large as a common broom straw, rise up from the bottom of the river and as soon as they get to the top of the water they shed off a thin skin and fly up stream like a swarm of bees, and in about an hour they give out and fall back in the river and float down as thick as hops, then the flies are made happy. They begin to jump and lap them in from all parts of the river. They keep as much fussing and flying as a big drove of hogs do eating corn.

Mr. R. R. Mann's family, from Chatham, are visiting friends in Sampson.

Look out, for a wrecked Carr is on the track, but his engine is too tight for the occasion, when the People's party engine gets after him the Carr will leave the track. This Carr will get left as bad as the other Kerr.

D. H.

HALL'S.

The People's Party is on a boom, and everybody hurrahing for Weaver, but a few of the Straightout Democrats. I hear that "Senator" John A. Beaman has come up to the Democratic primary and organized a Cleveland club. Cleveland is a dead duck in North Carolina, and there is not enough straightouts in it to eat him. We think it would be wise of them to appoint a memorial committee to draw up resolutions for the dead party.

The Sampson Democrat is the biggest burst I ever saw. It is as wanting in Democracy as its editor.

DISMAL.

Hurrah for Weaver and Fields! is the salutation from every quarter of this section.

Some of our straightouts make sectarianism a lecture on the question. Now why don't they use that mallet for Mr. Fields? He is a Baptist. Weaver is a Methodist and Fields is a Baptist. With Methodist fire and Baptist water, we expect to burn up and cool the ashes of corruption this fall.

FRANKLIN.

Miss Maria Newkirk is visiting friends in Clinton.

Miss Mary Seavey is teaching in Siler City.

Miss Maggie Newkirk is spending sometime with relatives in Bladen.

Miss Viola Fennell is the guest of Misses Josie and Irene Carroll.

Mrs. James S. Corbett is visiting her daughter Mrs. Len Meriman in Jersey City, N. J.

Mrs. Council Colwell is very ill at Clinton.

There will be an ice cream supper at Mr. Allie Hubbard's the 31st of this month.

A Presbyterian Jew will lecture at Jarrell's Store tomorrow night. It is his object to secure funds to build a Presbyterian church in Russia.

Mrs. Dr. Seavy has tomatoes of the "Matchless Variety" weighing 1 lb. each.

The Carpenter meeting closed last night. The audience was not as large as last year, but the feast was richer and our spiritual welfare wonderfully invigorated and refreshed by the divine portrayings of the glorious teachings of the Bible by Mrs. Carpenter. May she always have God's speed and blessings in her grand, magnificent spiritual work. Let woman do all the good she can. How wrong it is for any to put the stumbling block of selfishness in the path of her good work. We had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Carpenter, was carried away with his masterly discourse, felt convinced he was almost as smart as his wife. We are honest enough not to bias our opinion concerning the ability and capability of man working for the Lord. We will praise, compliment and assist him as he deserves—bestow on him our richest blessing—provided he is not selfish.

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THE PEOPLE'S PARTY IN NORTH CAROLINA.

It is not in Alabama alone that our friends the Democrats have good grounds for anxiety on account of the schism now existing in the white electorate of that State. There is abundant evidence that the third-party movement in North Carolina is not only strong and aggressive, but that it is especially hostile to the Presidential nominee of the Democratic party. The State convention which was held last week was the stormiest assemblage of that kind ever convened in the old North State and a majority of its members were manifestly indifferent to the risk of a Republican victory which their action might involve.

Of course it was reassuring to the Democratic heart to find Col. Harry D. Skinner, the brainiest and most eloquent of the third party men declining to accept the nomination for governor, except on the understanding that, if the new movement should form a basis for a Republican conspiracy to get control of the State he should be free to vote the straight Democratic ticket. But his subsequent action in unconditionally accepting the nomination for electoral candidate must have greatly diminished Democratic confidence. In an interview had with him after the convention, Col. Skinner said: "While I believe in financial reform and endorse the Omaha platform, I do not believe in negro political rule in the Southern States. Therefore I stated to the convention that if it became apparent that the People's party State ticket could not win, and that by its continued candidacy the Republicans would win I should favor the withdrawal of third party tickets from the field. This view did not suit many perhaps a majority of the delegates, and so I could not consistently longer stand as the nominee of the convention for the office of governor. As electoral candidate, I will remain to the finish."

When asked whether, in case his candidacy should enlarge the election of the Democratic electoral ticket, he would withdraw in accordance with his argument in regard to the State ticket, and so help to prevent the success of the Republican electors, he said: "No; I am opposed to the election of Mr. Cleveland."

"A CALL TO ACTION."

The above is the title of a new book just published by Gen. James B. Weaver, the nominee of the People's Party for President of the United States.

This book contains 445 pages, aside from illustrations, is neatly bound in cloth and contains twenty chapters each treating upon a distinct question of public interest, to wit:

1. The Senate. 2. The Speaker of the House. 3. Supreme Court. 4. Improvident Disposal of Public Lands. 5. Finance in War and Peace. 6. The Gerry-mander, with original Cartature. 7. Silver Problem. 8. Evolution in Crime, or Improved Methods of Piracy. 9. Public Debts. 10. A Comparison—Rome, Britain and the United States. 11. Effect of Financial System on land values and ownership. 12. Dives and Lazarus—Contrasts. 13. Trusts. 14. The Pinkertons. 15. Transportation Problem. 16. National Banks. 17. The Sub-Treasury. 18. Remedies Considered. 19. The Great Uprising—Its Interpretation. 20. Danger and Duty—Concluding Reflections.

The price of the book is \$1.50. We will give this book as a premium for four new cash subscribers at \$1.00 a year, or for eight subscribers at 50 cents for six months. We suggest that the sub-lodges that desire this book for their libraries, get up a club of four or eight for the paper, and we will send the book to the lodge. Address, THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

If you are troubled with Dyspepsia, Stomach Disorder, or Liver and Kidney Complaint, try P. P. P., and you will rejoice at its magical workings. Females are peculiarly benefited by P. P. P. It expels disease, and gives healthy action to every organ.

THE CAUCASIAN will stand by the people. It can not be driven or bulldozed. It is the people's paper. The people must stand by it. Send us in a club of subscribers. Three months for 25c.

WOMAN'S SPHERE.

"Many talk about woman's sphere as though it had a limit. There's not a place in earth or heaven. There's not a task to mankind given. There's not a blessing or a woe. There's not a whisper yes or no. There's not a life, a death, or birth. That has a feather's weight of worth. Without a woman in it."

SECRETS OF HAPPY WEDLOCK.

Respect each other's individuality. Do not try to mould the other's ideas or principles or manners to the pattern of your own.

Seek to influence each other only by the power of higher example. By your worthiness and culture make the others proud of you, and do not feel that marriage gives you any right to demand or dictate or criticize. Maintain and allow the same freedom that exists between good and pure friends.

Never ask personal questions nor seek explanations, for you are not a hundredth part as responsible for each other as you are apt to imagine.

Let your love be founded in admiration and friendship. Strive to correct your own faults and study to make the other happy, and be exceedingly careful that you never reverse this rule.

Keep your most refined and gentle manner for the home.

MARRIAGE.

We deplore the fact that because of the fearful extravagance of modern society many of our best people conclude that they cannot possibly afford to marry. We are getting a fearful crop of old bachelors. They swarm around us. They go through life lopsided. Half dressed, they sit round cold mornings, all a-shiver, sewing on buttons and darning socks, and then go down to a long boarding-house table, which is bounded on the north and south and east by the Great Sahara desert. We do not pity them at all. May all their buttons be off to-morrow morning! Why do they not set up a plain home of their own, and come into the ark two and two? The supporting of a wife is looked upon as a great horror. Why, dear friends, with right and healthy notions of time and eternity it is very easy to support a wife if she be of the kind worth supporting. If she be educated into false notions of refinement and have "young ladies' institutes" piled on her head till she be imbecile, you will never be able to support her. Everything depends on whether you take for your wife a woman or a doll-baby. Our opinion is that three-fourths of the successful men of the day owe much of their prosperity to the wife's help. The load of life is so heavy it takes a team of two to draw it.—T. De Witt Talmage in Observer.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All